



A method for the audit of ESEF filings

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Agenda

- SBR Assurance
- ESEF Audit
- Results
- Wrap up
- Further information

SBR Assurance – a little background

Consistent presentation

 Set of generic presentation rules to create a true and fair view from an XBRL instance ¹)

Auditor reports

- Taxonomy available ²)
- Support of different type of audit reports

Linking & signing

- Digital qualified signature ³)
- Signature policy ⁴)



SBR Assurance – Consistent presentation

XBRL

<venj-bw2-i:IntangibleAssets
id="C58" contextRef="Context_72"
unitRef="U-EUR"
decimals="INF">326000</venjbw2-i:IntangibleAssets>
 <venj-bw2-i:IntangibleAssets
id="E58" contextRef="Context_69"
unitRef="U-EUR"
decimals="INF">0</venj-bw2i:IntangibleAssets>

Taxonomy definitions

	A	8	С	D	E	F
1					Huidig	Voorgaand
2						
3	Activa	Vaste activa	Immateriële vaste activa		326000	0
4			Materiële vaste activa		211000	135000
5			Vastgoedbeleg gingen			
6			Financiële vaste activa			
7	1	.t.			537000	135000
8	1	VI ende activa	Voorraden			
9			Onderhanden projecten in opdracht van derden (activa)			
10	1		Vorderingen		7263000	4964000
11			Effecten			
12			Liquide middelen		3877000	4075000
13					11140000	9039000
14					11677000	9174000

Consistent presentation

Balans	per 31	L dece	ember	2015
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	31 december 2015	31 december 201
	€	
Activa		
Immateriële vaste activa	326.000	
Materiële vaste activa	211.000	135.00
Vaste activa	537.000	135.00
Vorderingen	7.263.000	4.964.00
Liquide middelen	3.877.000	4.075.00
Vlottende activa	11.140.000	9.039.00
Totaal activa	11.677.000	9.174.00

ESEF Audit — Current situation

- Auditors don't have any technical knowledge of XBRL.
- Parts of the Regulatory Technical Standard and the ESEF Reporting Manual are like Chinese for them.

Analysis of ESEF requirements

Formal requirements – RTS

When an AFR does not meet the formal requirements, then the auditor should stop, inform the reporting entity and request a corrected AFR. If the reporting entity does not comply with this, the auditor should make mention of this in the auditor's opinion.

Informal requirements – ESEF Reporting Manual

Failure to comply with the informal requirements (guidelines) should not affect the auditor's opinion, but there are situations where failure to comply with the guidelines may have an impact on the auditor's opinion.

Analysis of the formal requirements (RTS)

ID	Object	Requirement/objective	Class.	RTS	CO ¹
<u>1a</u>	Reporting Package	Workable / correct structure.	A/C	Annex III - 3	Т
<u>1b</u>	taxonomyPackage.xml	Contains prescribed elements (OAM guideline).	В		
<u>1c</u>	taxonomyPackage.xml	Contains correct values.	В	Annex III - 3	A/F
<u>1d</u>	catalog.xml	Contains correct values.	В	Annex III - 3	T
<u>1e</u>	Reporting Package	Contains XHTML document.	Α	Annex III - 3	Т
<u>1f</u>	Reporting Package	Contains correct linkbases (pre, cal, def and lab).	А	Annex III - 3	Т
<u>1g</u>	Reporting Package	Contains entry point schema.	Α	Annex III - 3	Т
<u>2a</u>	Linkbases	to accordance with specifications (XBRL).	В	Annex III - 2	T
<u>2b</u>	Presentation linkbase	Presence of mandate wroot taxonomy elements (abstracts).	C1	Anne IV - 7	T/(A)
<u>2c</u>	Presentation linkbase	Structure is semantic	CI	Annex IV - 5	A/CF

Legenda:

Automated control

Manual assessment

1g. Reporting Taxonomy Package (entry point)

Standard / test	Classification	RTS	СО
The entry point scheme is available in the RP	а	Articles 3 & 4 /	Т
		Annex III-3	

Explanation

The Inline XBRL document refers to the entry point scheme. This scheme contains definitions of the concepts, created by the reporting entity itself and the links with the presentation linkbase calculation linkbase, label linkbase and definition linkbase. It is possible to describe the link(s) with the label linkbase(s) in the TP. The entry point is essential to check whether the applied XBRL tagging in the Inline XBRL document is correct.

Audit approach

Automated. Possibly in conjunction with 3a, 3b and 3c.

Analysis of the informal requirements (ERM)

LIDI			a .c	ED 1 42	103
ID^	Object	Norm	Classification	ERM ²	AO ³
1	Language of labels		Critical	1.1.1	A/C
2	Use of not endorsed IFRS		Not critical, if incorrect used then this will stand out assessing the result of the Consistent Transformation (CT)	1.2.1/1.2.2	A
3	Appropriate mark up of elements			1.3.1	A/C
4	Selection of concepts with a broader meaning		Depends on result CT	1.3.2	A/C
5	Extension for notes		Depends on result CT	1.3.3	С
6	Anchoring to elements which are wider in scope or meaning			1.4.1	A/C
7	Anchoring of combinations		Not critical	1.4.2	A/C

Legenda:

Already covered by the RTS

se of not endorsed IFRS

It is not allowed to use not endorsed IFRS concepts from the ESEF core taxonomy.

If a not endorsed concept is needed the issuer should create its own concept with the exact name and label, but with its own specific prefix.

If in a next release of the ESEF core taxonomy a new suited element (concept or member) is available, the new element should substitute the issuers extension element. Also, comparative figures must be tagged with the new element.

Audit approach:

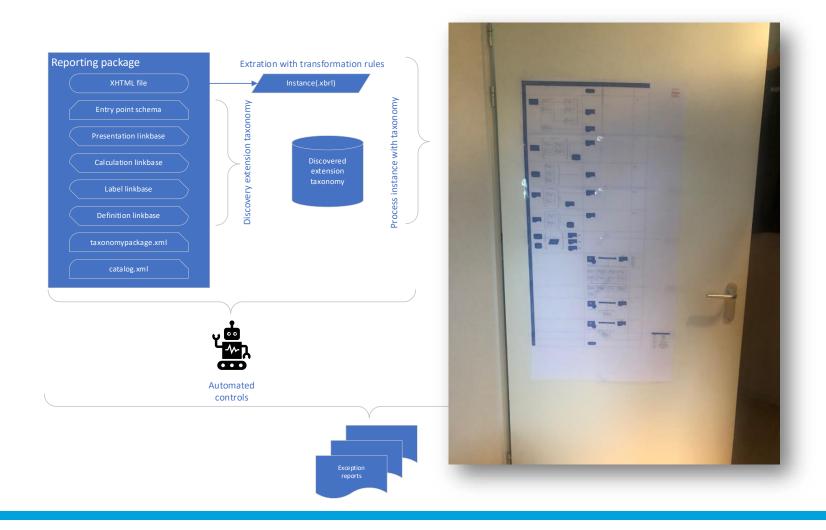
Automated: A list of not endorsed IFRS concepts must be available (can be extracted from the ESEF core taxonomy). With this list an automated audit can reveal the use of not endorsed elements.

Technical audit approach for ESEF

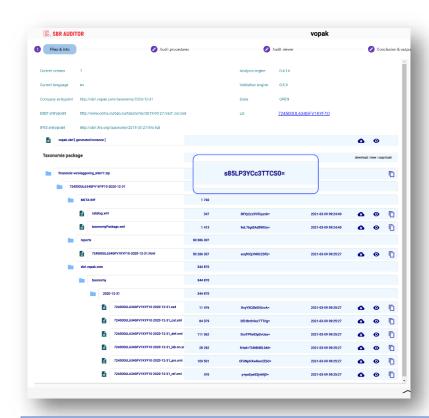
Consists of:

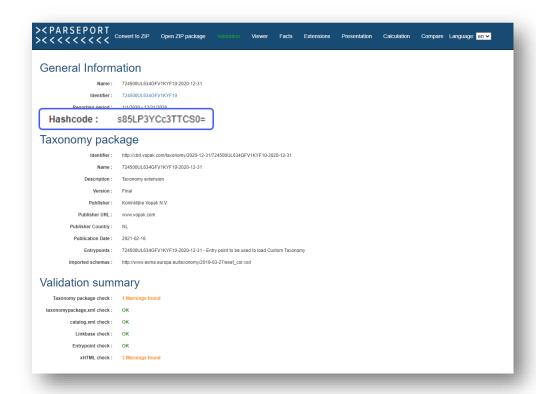
- 1. The technical audit process (see next sheet)
- 2. Identification of 33 formal requirements
- 3. Identification of 67 informal requirements
- 4. Specific attention to:
 - ✓ Transformation Rules Registry
 - √ Formulas
 - ✓ Consistent rendering

ESEF Audit – technical audit approach



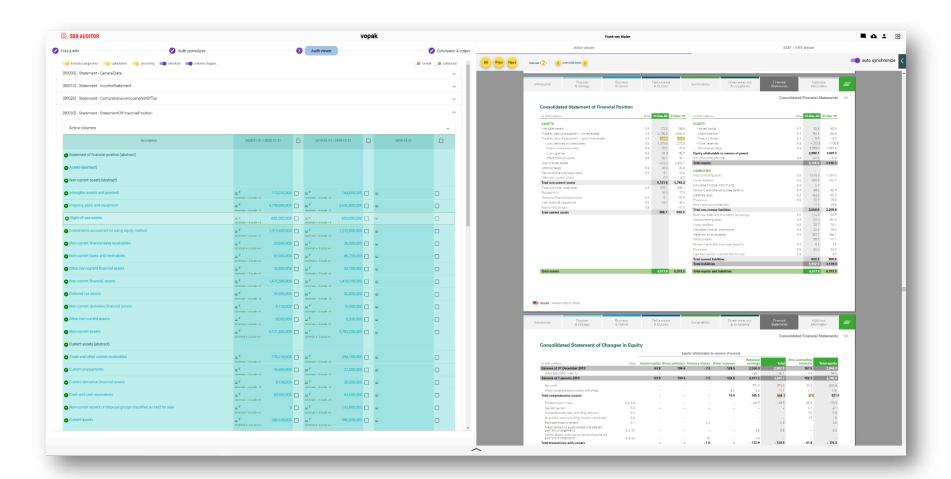
Results



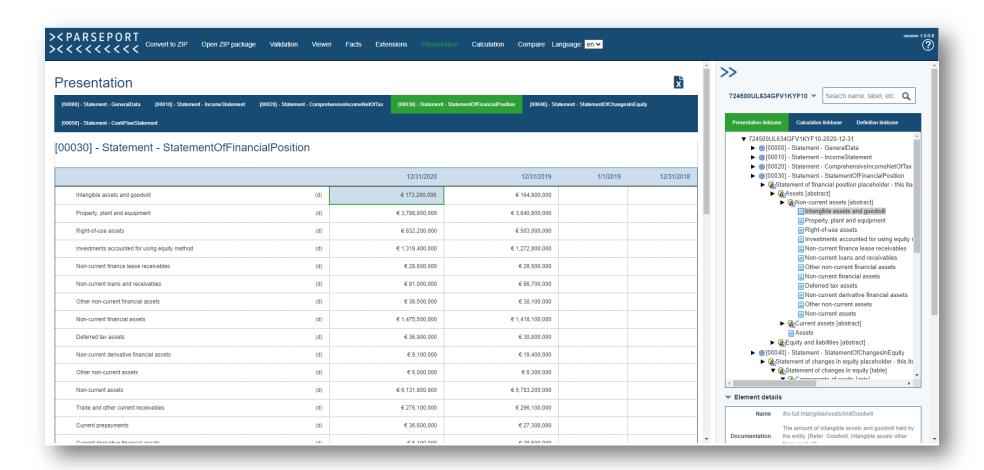


Reporting packages (and their individual files) are uniquely identified by hashes ⁵).









Wrap up

- 1. Auditor preforms 'classical' audit on Inline XBRL document (true and fair view)
- 2. Issuers taxonomy content is discovered from the Reporting Package
- 3. XBRL instance is extracted from the Inline XBRL document
- Automated controls are carried out (generic XML, XBRL, RTS, ERM, calculation, formula's)
- 5. Consistent transformation is being created (based on the discovered taxonomy and the XBRL instance)
- Result of consistent transformation is being compared manual with the Inline XBRL document.

Further information

#	Location
1	https://www.wikixl.nl/wiki/sbr/images/sbr/b/b3/20200609a _SBR_Consistente_Presentatie_1-3-3Definitief.pdf (nl)
2	https://www.nba.nl/themas/ict/nba-taxonomie/ (nl)
	http://www.nltaxonomie.nl/nba/2.0 (nl, de, en and fr)
3	https://www.nba.nl/globalassets/themas/thema-ict/sbr-assurance-oplossing/2020013_nba_electronic-signing.pdf (en)
4	http://www.nltaxonomie.nl/sbr/signature_policy_schema/v2.0/SBR-signature-policy-v2.0.xml (nl, de, en and fr)
5	https://www.nba.nl/themas/ict/reporting-package-hash-generator/ (en)
	Documentation regarding the ESEF audit (en) can be requested by sending an e-mail to esef@nba.nl