



An update on Korean XBRL financial disclosures and Digital Reporting System

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Spotlight on the Republic of Korea

Since 2011, the Korean financial regulator, the Financial Supervisory Service (FSS), has required listed companies to submit their primary financial statements in XBRL using the K-IFRS Taxonomy (based on the IFRS Accounting Taxonomy).

In 2023, the FSS announced that it is expanding the scope of its requirements to include tagging notes to the financial statements. This expansion is part of a set of reforms intended to enhance the visibility of Korea's public markets to international investors.

Additionally, the FSS requires major private Korean companies to submit their primary financial statements in XBRL.

One expected benefit of the expanded requirements is that the multilingual labels? will reduce the information asymmetry between domestic and foreign investors, thus helping to tackle the 'Korea discount'—a term used to Korean XBRL filings can be accessed the sound to their global peers.

Korean XBRL filings can be accessed through the Data Analysis, Retrieval and Transfer System (DART)

https://englishdart.fss.or.kr. The FSS also provides an open API to access data in DART https://opendart.fss.or.kr.

1.1. The FSS's phase-in plan for XBRL financial disclosure

;	Scope	Primary Financial Statements (Initial application)	Notes (Initial application)
Listed	Non-financial industry	Mandatory (2007 Annual report)	Mandatory (2023 Annual report)
companies	Financial industry	Mandatory (2023 3Q report)	Mandatory (2025 Semi-annual report)
(only submit b	d companies business reports and adoption)	(2023 3Q Teport)	



1.1. The FSS's phase-in plan for XBRL financial disclosure

		Listed Companies (K	OSPI and KOSDAQ)	
	Initial application ¹	Phase class	Assets	# of companies²
	2023 annual report (Mar 2024)	Phase I	↑ \$1.5 bln	156
Non-financial	2024 annual report (Mar 2025)	Phase II	↑ \$0.4 bln -↓ \$1.5 bln	340
	2025 annual report (Mar 2026)	Phase III	↓ \$0.4 bln	1,825
	2025 semi-annual report (Aug 2025)	Phase II	↑ \$7.5 bln	27
Financial	2026 semi-annual report (Aug 2026)	Phase III	↑ \$1.5 bln - ↓ \$7.5 bln	14
	2027 semi-annual report (Aug 2027)	Phase IV	↓ \$1.5 bln	93

¹ Periods in parenthesis are due for submission



² The number of companies may change based on the aggregate assets calculated as of the previous business year.

1.1. The FSS's phase-in plan for XBRL financial disclosure

FSS Made Specific Plan to Support XBRL Financial Disclosure of Small Publicly Traded Companies



Press Release←

For release at 6:00 A.M., April 8, 2025

FSS Made Specific Plan to Support XBRL Financial Disclosure↓ of Small Publicly Traded Companies↔

As more and more listed companies become the subject to the mandatory XBRL¹ financial notes disclosure for 2025 annual report (due for submission: March 31, 2026), the Financial Supervisory Service made specific plans to minimize disruption and have XBRL disclosure system settle down successfully.

Small and mid-sized listed companies with assets less than KRW500 billion are required to submit their annual and semi-annual reports by applying XBRL to financial statement notes. Accordingly, the corresponding companies come to semiannually (twice a year) submit their reports, and this is to align the submission period for XBRL disclosure with that of the audit (review) report. However, considering data users' demand, from 2028 annual report, XBRL financial notes disclosure will be implemented on a quarterly basis.

The FSS divided the corresponding small and mid-sized companies into three groups. First, approximately 550 companies with KRW200 billion to KRW500 billion in assets should submit their reports on March 31, 2026. Next, approximately 500 companies with KRW100 billion to KRW200 billion in assets should apply XBRL disclosure to their 2026 annual reports (to submit on March 31, 2027). Lastly, approximately 750 companies with less than KRW100 billion in assets should apply XBRL disclosure to their 2027 annual reports (to submit on March 31, 2028).

		Listed companies (non-fir	nancial)
	Assets (in KRW)	# of companies	Initial application*
	↑ 200bln - ↓ 500bln	~550	2025 annual report (Mar 2026)
↓500bln (approx. 1,800 companies)	↑ 100bln - ↓ 200bln	~500	2026 annual report (Mar 2027)
oompanies)	↓ 100bln	~750	2027 annual report (Mar 2028)

Periods in parenthesis are due for submission



1.1. The FSS's phase-in plan for XBRL financial disclosure

Major Unlisted companies

♦ IFRS Adoption & Business Reports Submission

- ✓ A company that intends to become a stock-listed corporation in the relevant business year or the following business year
- √ Financial holding companies and Banks
- ✓ An investment trader, an investment broker, a collective investment business entity, a trust business entity or a merchant bank
- ✓ Insurance companies and Credit card business entity
- ✓ A subsidiary company when the K-IFRS applies to its parent company
- ✓ An issuer that has publicly offered or sold any of securities or bonds



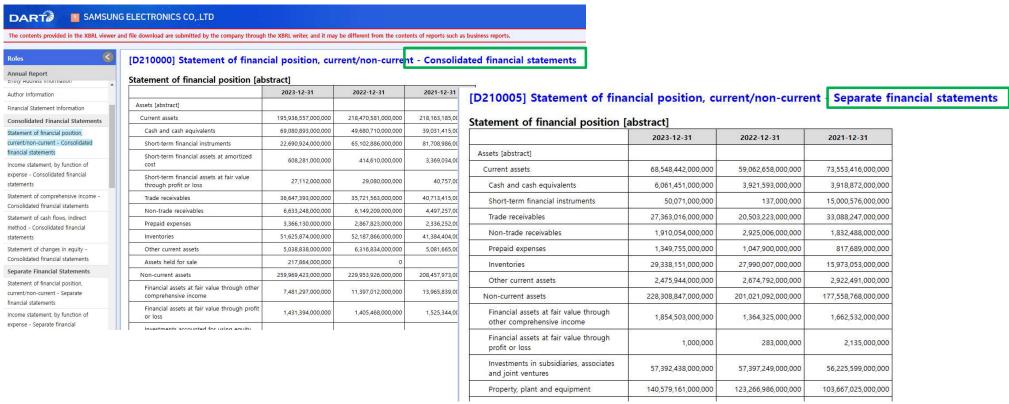
1.2. XBRL disclosure of the Phase I& II classes

	Accounting F	Listed				
구분	Big 4 pwc Deloitte.	Others	Sub-Total	Companies themselves	Total	Writing errors
2023 Annual report (Phase I)	142	8	150	6	156	45(26.9%)
2024 Semi-annual report (Phase I)	116	11	127	44	164	-
2024 Annual report (Phase I & Ⅱ)	335	64	399	99	498	61(12.2%)



1.3. Features of Korean XBRL financial disclosures – scope of disclosure

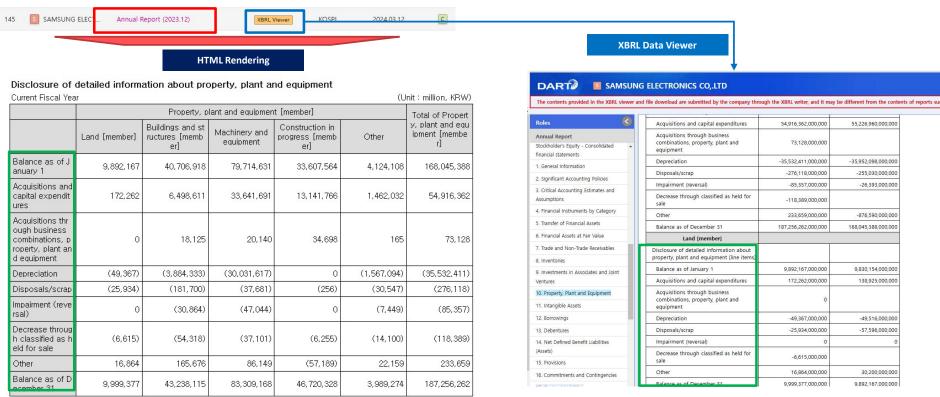
Both consolidated and separate financial statements and notes must be filed in XBRL





1.3. Features of Korean XBRL financial disclosures - Rule of XBRL filing

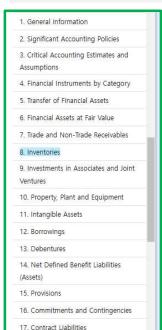
(Detailed Tagging) In principle, detailed tagging is mandatory for all notes.





1.3. Features of Korean XBRL financial disclosures - Rule of XBRL filing

Detailed information about the contents of the note as well as the table containing row and column items is provided.



	2023-01-01 ~ 2023-12-31	2022-01-01 ~	Roles
Consolidated [member]			Annual Report
Details of invetories [line items]			Annual Report
Finished goods	14,553,014,000,000	16,032,	18. Share Capital
Work in process	22,198,448,000,000	20,077,	19. Retained Earnings
Raw materials and supplies	13,697,354,000,000	14,979,	21. Expenses by Nature
Goods in transit, gross	1,177,058,000,000	1,098,	22. Selling and Administrative
Total	51,625,874,000,000	52,187,	Expenses
Cost of inventories recognised as expense during period	177,539,372,000,000	186,396,	23. Other Non-Operating Income and Expenses
Gross carrying amount [member]			24. Financial Income and Expenses
Details of invetories [line items]			25. Income Tax Expense
Finished goods	16,120,367,000,000	17,526,	EUROPEAN AND THE PROPERTY OF T
Work in process	26,501,664,000,000	21,612,	26. Earnings per Share
Raw materials and supplies	15,222,937,000,000	16,268,	27. Statements of Cash Flows
Goods in transit, gross	1,177,058,000,000	1,098,	28. Financial Risk Management
Total	59,022,026,000,000	56,506,	29. Segment Information
Cost of inventories recognised as expense during period			30. Related Party Transactions
Allowance For Inventory Valuation			31. Information for Non-Controlling Interests
			32. Business combination
			33. Held for sale (disposal group)

Disclosure of classes of share capital [text block]

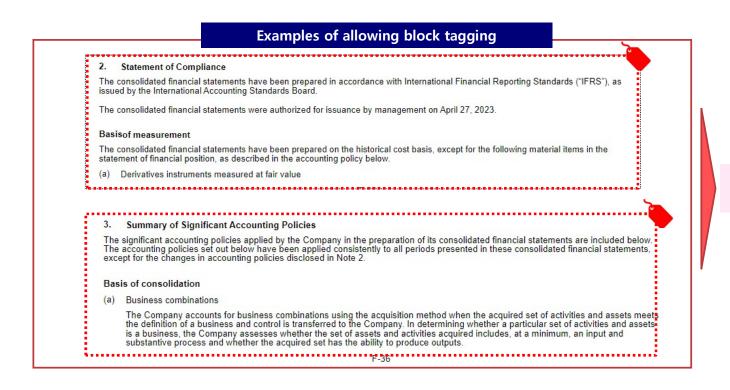
Disclosure of classes of share capital [abstract]

	2023-01-01 ~ 2023-12-31	2022-01-01 ~ 2022-12-31
Consolidated [member]		`
Disclosure of classes of share capital [line items]		
The Companys' total number of authorized shares	25000000000	
Par value per share(KRW)	100	
Number of shares issued		
Number of shares outstanding		
Total par value of the shares issued(million won)	679,267,000,000	
Paid-in capital(million won)	897,514,000,000	897,514,000,00
	보고기간종료일 현재 회사의 정관에 의한 발행할 주식의 총수는 250억주(1주의액면금액: 100원)이며, 회사에는 보통주의 비누적적우선주가 있습니다. 이 우선주는 의결권이 없고 액면금액을 기준으로 보통주의 배당보다 연 1%의 금전배당을 추가로 받을 수 있습니다. 보고기간종료일 현재 회의 이	



1.3. Features of Korean XBRL financial disclosures - Rule of XBRL filing

(Block Tagging) For certain notes, block tagging is allowed.



Notes consisting of mostly sentences



1.4. XBRL filing costs for Korean listed companies

	Primary Financial Statements	Notes
Fees for XBRL filing	Most companies prepared XBRL primary FS on their own	 The average cost of preparing XBRL notes using an accounting firm consulting firm is \$40,000 per year. There are some companies that decide to use an accounting firm for the initial setup, then gradually maintain their own XBRL files on their own.



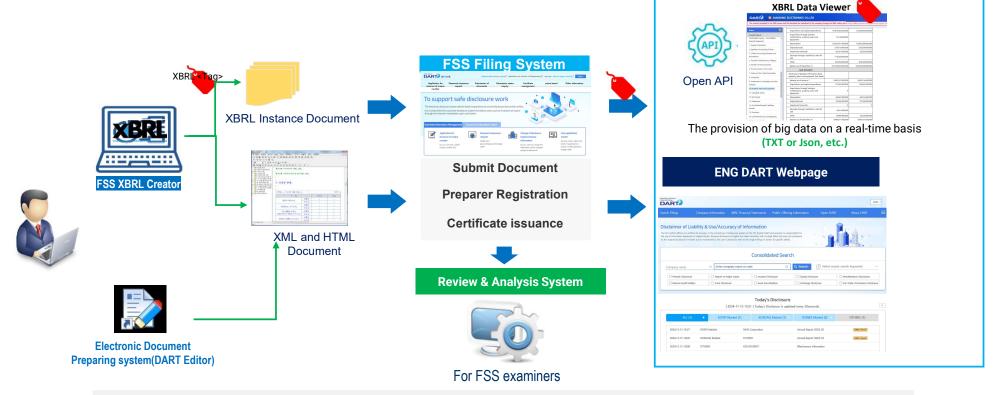
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- 2.1. Overview of the DART System
- 2.2. English DART System
- 2.3. An online platform dedicated to searching and collecting data
- 2.4. Introduction on the FSS XBRL Creator



2.1. Overview of the DART System



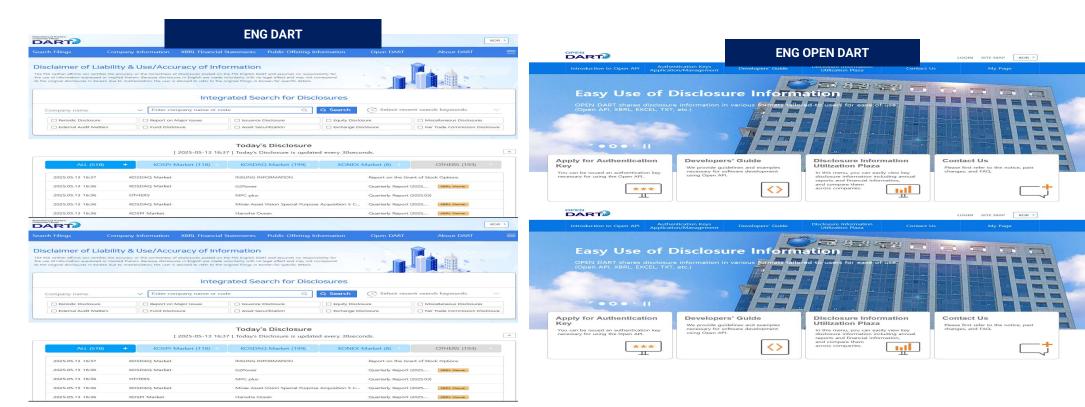
ENG OPEN DART

A centralized document creation and disclosure system is being implemented

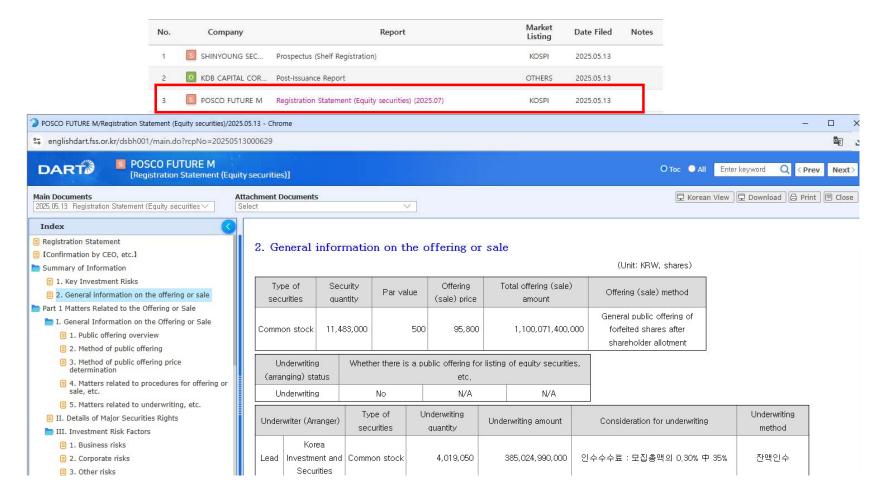


2.1. Overview of the DART System

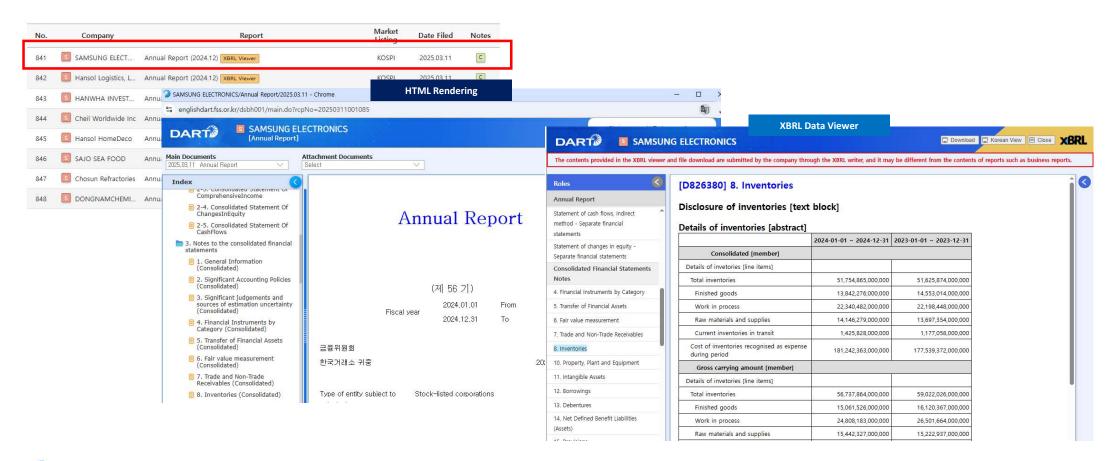
Recently, FSS to Expand English DART Contents and Launch English Open DART



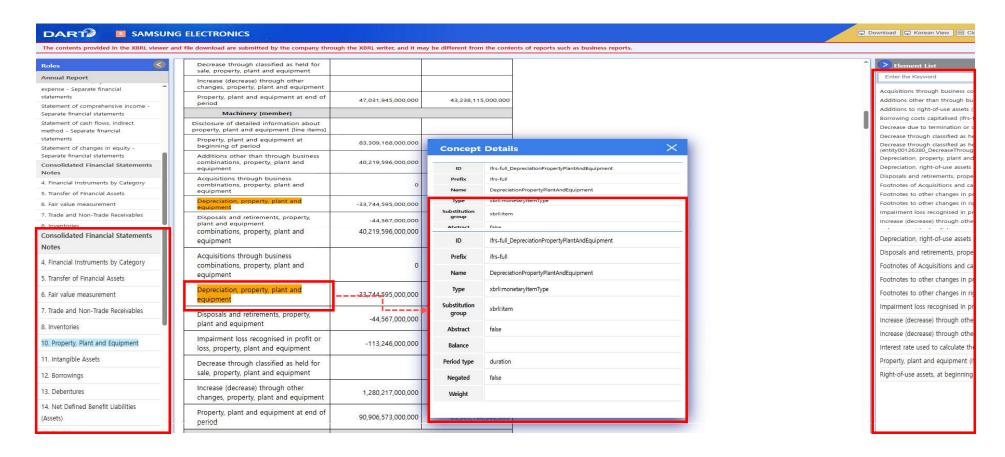




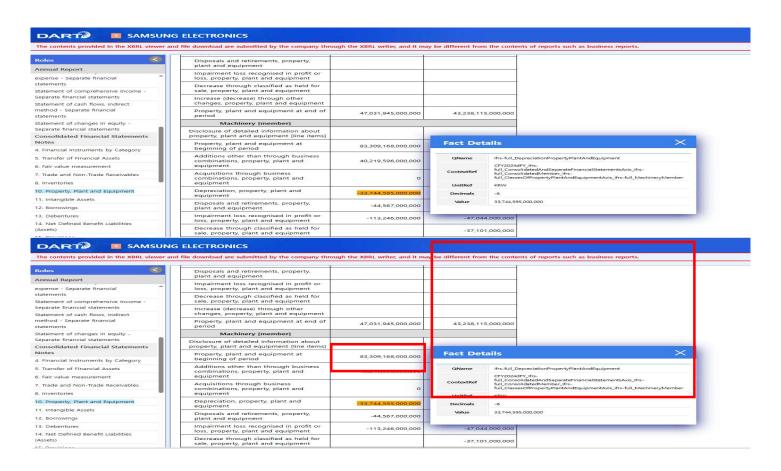




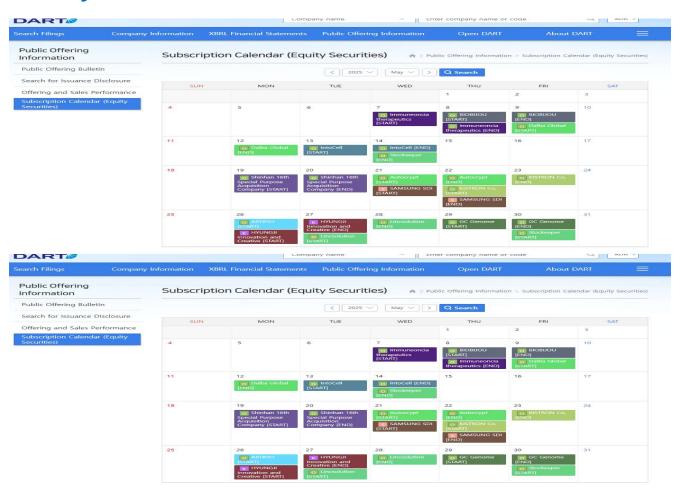










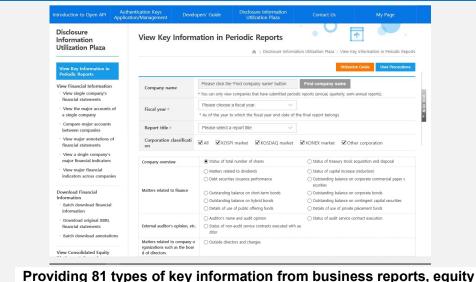




2.3. An online platform dedicated to searching and collecting data(OPEN DART)

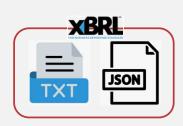






Providing 81 types of key information from business reports, equity disclosures and key issue reports as excel data etc.

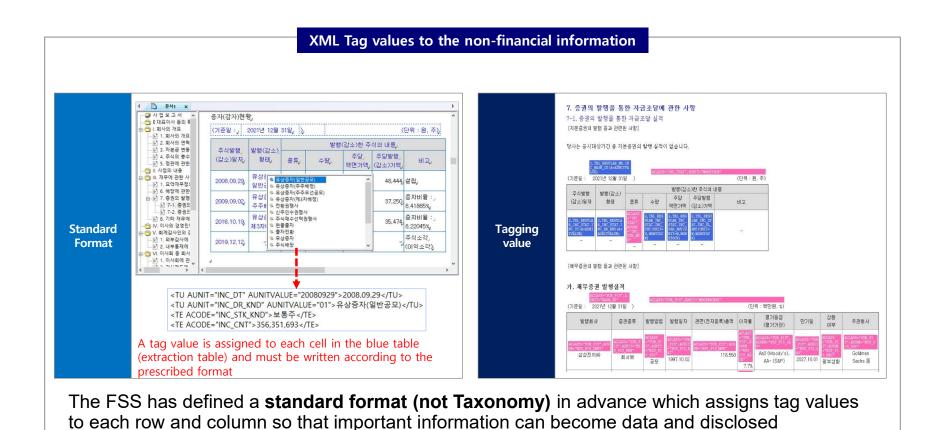






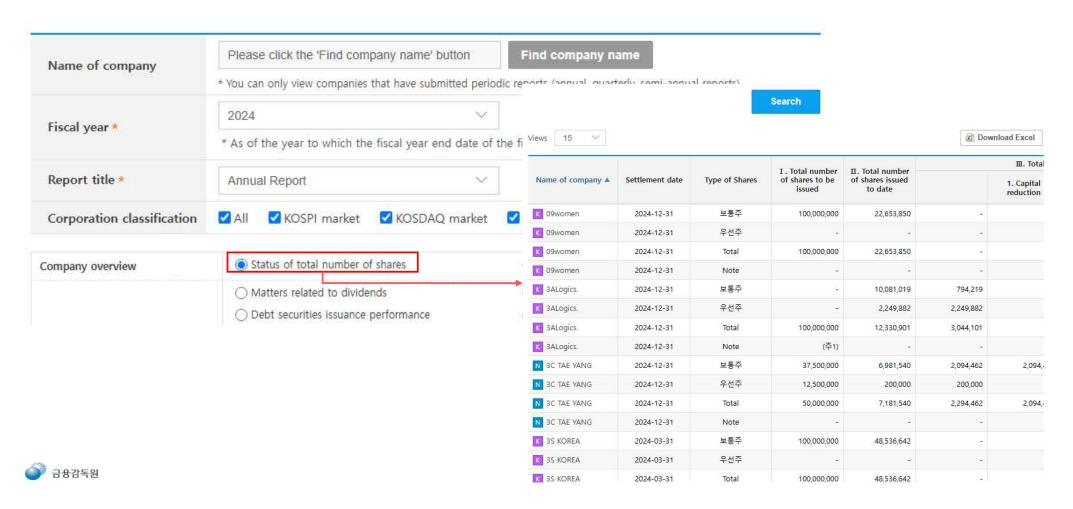


2.3. An online platform dedicated to searching and collecting data(OPEN DART)

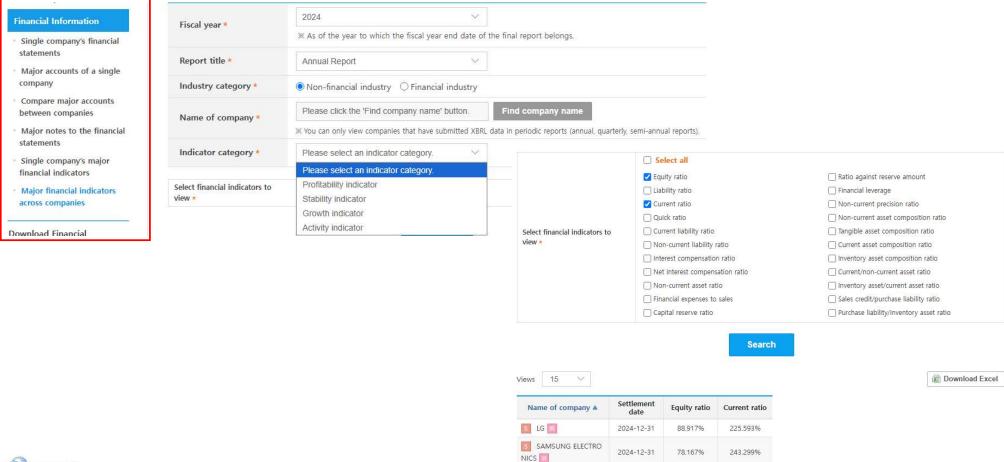




2.3. An online platform dedicated to searching and collecting data(OPEN DART)



3. An online platform dedicated to searching and collecting data(OPEN DART)





2.3. An online platform dedicated to searching and collecting data(OPEN DART)



- Single company's financial
- statements
- Major accounts of a single company
- Compare major accounts between companies
- Major notes to the financial statements
- Single company's major financial indicators
- Major financial indicators across companies

Download Financial Information

- Batch download primary financial information
- Download original XBRL financial statements
- Batch download notes to the financial statement

Batch download notes to the financial statement



🏫 > Electronic Disclosure Data Search Service > Download Financial Information > Batch download notes to the financial statement

XBRL Guide

User Precautions

Note

The XBRL notes of corporations who submitted using the IFRS XBRL Generator are provided in tab separated values (tsv) file format. Notes to financial statements were prepared at the responsibility of the submitter obligated to disclose, and the Financial Supervisory Service does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of the file.

Also, the titles of account and amounts, etc. are subject to change if the submitter corrects notes to financial statements after the settlement date.

2024

2023

Fiscal year	Date generated	Report title	XBRL notes
2025	2025.05.13	First Quarterly Report	Download
2025	2025.04.15	Semi-annual Report	Download
2025	2025.04,18	Annual Report	Download

수정한 날짜	유형	크기
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	107,280KB
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	1,224,811
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	770,208KB
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	354,051KB
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	963,208KB
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	901,714KB
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	32,279KB
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	191KB
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	2,892KB
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	905KB
2025-05-10 오전	TSV 파일	1,639,359



2.3. An online platform dedicated to searching and collecting data (OPEN DART)

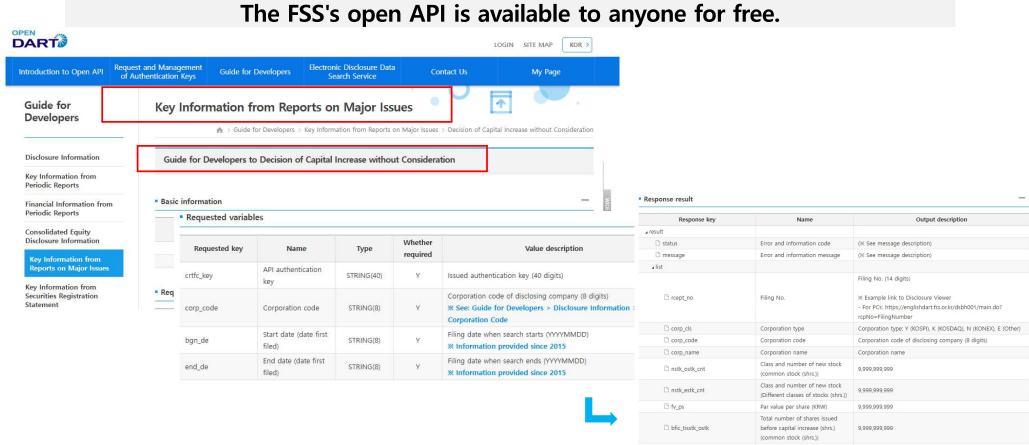
FSS's XBRL Data Set structure is similar to that of the SEC







2.3. An online platform dedicated to searching and collecting data (OPEN DART)





4. Introduction on the FSS XBRL Creator

Background

High-difficulty XBRL technology

Given the difficulty of companies in understanding XBRL technology

XBRL Cost

Cost of first XBRL filing and subsequent filing

XBRL disclosure ecosystem

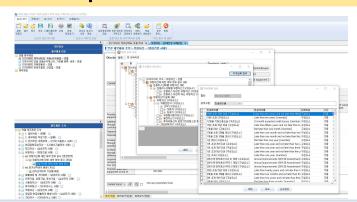
- Lack of XBRL expertise in accounting firms and consulting firms
- Centralized digital reporting system

Korea Discount Problem

- MSCI and others have raised the need to expand English disclosure scope.
- The need to expand XBRL disclosure scope to unlisted companies

Decision

Developed the FSS XBRL creator



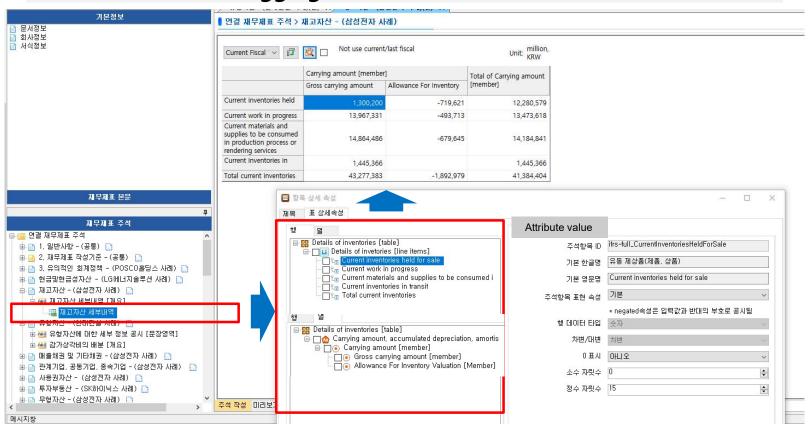
Main Technical Features

- Development Language : C#
- Enables efficient reporting of XBRL financial statements and notes;
 (Provides standard elements(Line-item, axis-member) and enhances comp atibility with commercial software such as MS Excel)
- Verifies reporting rules and errors, etc.
- * Including verification of compliance with the XBRL standards (XBRL 2.1, XBRL Dimensions 1.0) published by XBRL International



4. Introduction on the FSS XBRL Creator

Enable detailed tagging of all notes to the financial statements





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03 Efforts of FSS to improve the quality of XBRL data

- 3.1. Monitor XBRL filings of listed companies and letters from the FSS
- 3.2. Providing both online and offline practical training
- 3.3. Providing companies with the XBRL files created by FSS
- 3.4. Disclosing the XBRL consulting firm
- 3.5. Published the FSS DART XBRL Guide



3.1. Monitor XBRL filings of listed companies and letters from the FSS

공시대상회사	-	사업연 🕶	보고서 🔻	법인유 ూ	전체계정과 🔻	전체표준계정과 ▽	전체표준사용	개별계정과목전→	개별표준과목전	개별표준사용
	1	2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	954	248	26%	398	118	29.659
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	886	286	32.28%	436	148	33.949
	11	2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	760	328	43.16%	282	158	56.039
	오	2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	847	380	44.86%	363	168	46.289
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	723	333	46.06%	329	176	53.59
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	202	94	46.53%	202	94	46.539
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	662	316	47.73%	289	146	50.529
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	956	465	48.64%	419	217	51.799
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	498	246	49.4%	498	246	49.49
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	736	366	49.73%	323	168	52.019
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	482	246	51.04%	237	130	54.859
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	495	256	51.72%	228	12:	53.959
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	1,120	602	53.75%	490	284	57.969
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	271	146	53.87%	271	146	53.879
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	328	186	56.71%	328	186	56.719
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	563	323	57.37%	252	170	67.469
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	563	323	57.37%	245	145	59.189
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	674	389	57.72%	236	140	59.329
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	284	164	57.75%	284	164	57.759
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	602	348	57.81%	276	170	61.599
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	462	271	58.66%	204	114	55.889
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	548	322	58.76%	256	142	55.479
		2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	924	546	59.09%	342	248	72.519
	1.0	2024	1분기보고서	코스닥	264	156	59.09%	264	150	59.099

Percentage of standard line-items used





3.2. Providing both online and offline practical training

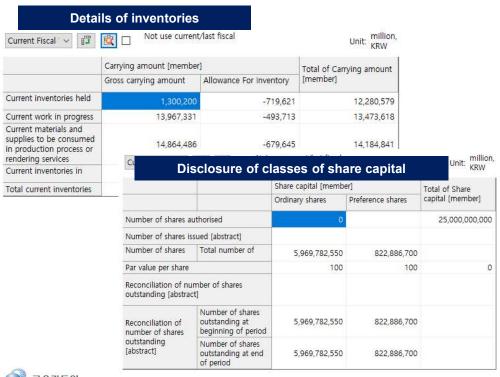






3.3. Providing companies with the XBRL reference files created by FSS

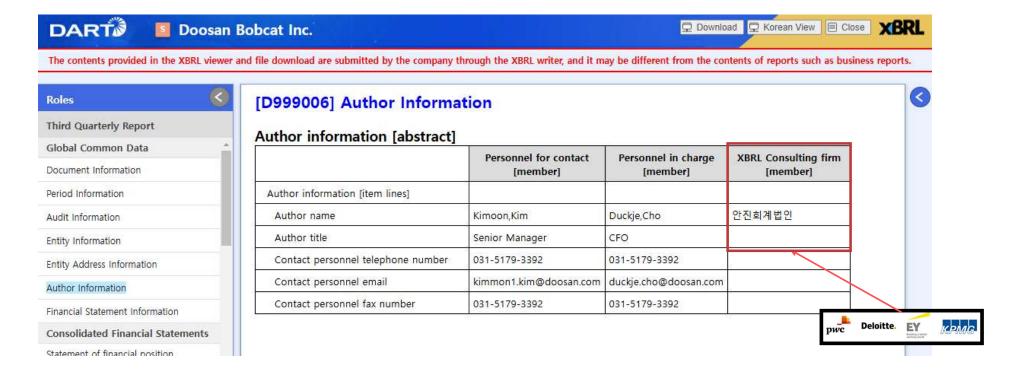
Prepared by the FSS in order to improve the capabilities of listed companies and accounting firms to disclose XBRL notes.



	1	ř	OHIL. KRW						
	Entity's total for related parties [member]								
Related parties [member]								Total of Entity's total for	
		Associates [member]		Joint ventures where entity	is venturer [member]	Other related parties [member]	Key management	related parties [member]	
		SK China Company Limited	Magnus Private investment	HITECH Semiconductor (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Hystars Semiconductor (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	SK텔레콤	personnel of entity or parent [member]		
Related party transactions	[abstract]								
Related party transactions [abstract]	Revenue from sale of goods, related party	33	54,908	2,456	219	133,903		1,345,577	
	Purchases of goods, related party transactions	11,947	357	558,352	21,858	0		2,670,589	
	Purchases of property and other assets, related			44,438	9,233	11,163		2,370,617	
Outstanding balances for r [abstract]	elated party transactions								
Outstanding balances for related party transactions [abstract]	Amounts receivable, related party transactions	2	806	23	33	48,575		153,878	
	Amounts payable, related party transactions	11,360	5	427,476	185,585	11,789		2,652,833	



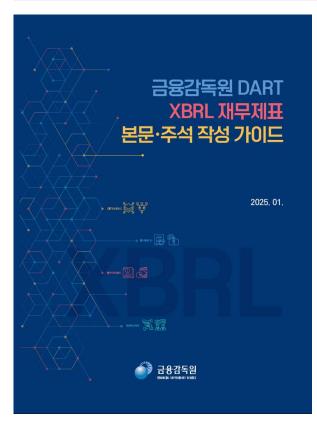
3.4. Disclosing the XBRL consulting firm

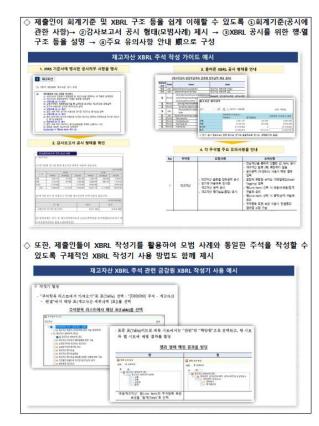




3.5. Published the FSS DART XBRL Guide

FSS Published "XBRL Financial Statements Filing Guide" for DART Preparers





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- 1. Introduction
- 2. XBRL Overview
- 3. Understanding the Korean DART Taxonomy
- 4. Filing the XBRL primary financial statement
- 5. Filing the XBRL notes to the financial statement



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4.1. Establishment of an XBRL financial disclosure system

based on K-GAAP

4.2. Korean ESG Taxonomy

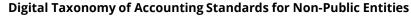
4.3. Enhancing digital reporting infrastructure

04. Next phase of FSS's Digital Reporting

4.1. Establishment of an XBRL financial disclosure system based on K-GAAP

There is a need to build additional systems in order to make XBRL financial disclosures available to all Korean companies that are not publicly traded





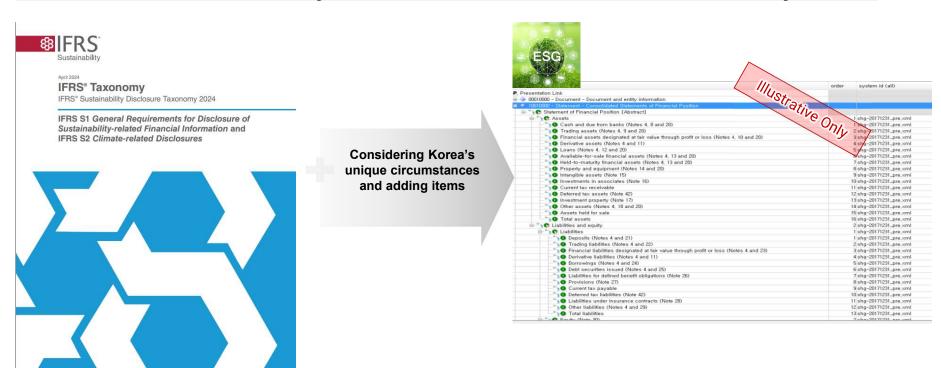


04. Next phase of FSS's Digital Reporting

4.2. Korean ESG Taxonomy

IFRS® Foundation

Korea's ESG taxonomy will be built based on the ISSB ESG taxonomy.





04. Next phase of FSS's Digital Reporting

4.3. Enhancing digital reporting infrastructure

We intend to build additional servers and XBRL engines in the near future..



Validating Processors

- » ABRA Transformation Engine (ABZ Reporting GmbH)
- » Accept XBRL Validator (Accept Development)

The following software holds a current software certification.

- » Arelle (Arelle)
- * Bushchat (IRIS Business Services Limited)
- » Interstage XWand Runtime (Fujitsu)
- » Lucanet XBRL Engine (Lucanet)
- » RaptorXML+XBRL Server (Altova GmbH)
- » Regnology XBRL Engine (Regnology)
- » Reportix Skye XBRL Processor (CellFlow) (Reportix GmbH)
- » RS API (Reporting Estándar S.L.)
- » <u>Semansys.XBRL Engine</u> (Semansys)
- » True North (CoreFiling)
- » UBPartner XBRL Processing Engine (UBPartner)
- » Visma XBRLValidPro (Visma Connect)



